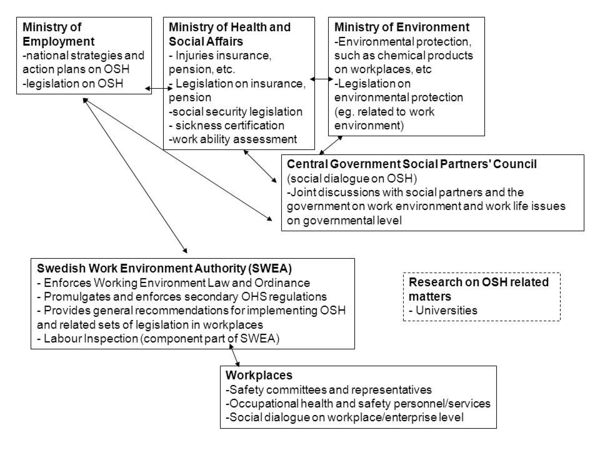
**OSH Authorities – Sweden**

Source: <https://oshwiki.eu/wiki/OSH_system_at_national_level_-_Sweden>

* OSH Infrastructure

Scheme:



* OSH Authorities

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| Name of Authority | The Ministry of Employment (Arbetsmarknadsdepartementet) |
| Link | <http://www.sweden.gov.se/sb/d/8281> |
| Short abstract | The Ministry of Employment (Arbetsmarknadsdepartementet) has a Division for Working Life dealing with issues related to the working environment, working hours, employment legislation etc. |
| Link to OSH wiki | <https://oshwiki.eu/wiki/OSH_system_at_national_level_-_Sweden> |

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| Name of Authority | The Ministry of Health and Social Affairs (Socialdepartementet) |
| Link | <http://www.sweden.gov.se/sb/d/2061> |
| Short abstract | The Ministry of Health and Social Affairs (Socialdepartementet) is responsible for questions regarding social security legislation, sickness certification, work ability assessment occupational injury insurance, pensions etc. |
| Link to OSH wiki | <https://oshwiki.eu/wiki/OSH_system_at_national_level_-_Sweden> |

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| Name of Authority | The Ministry of the Environment (Miljödepartementet) |
| Link | <http://www.sweden.gov.se/sb/d/2066> |
| Short abstract | The Ministry of the Environment (Miljödepartementet) is responsible for environmental protection, indoor environment, chemical products, etc. |
| Link to OSH wiki | <https://oshwiki.eu/wiki/OSH_system_at_national_level_-_Sweden> |

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| Name of Authority | The Central Government Social Partners' Council (Partsrådet) |
| Link | <http://partsradet.se/> |
| Short abstract | The Central Government Social Partners' Council (Partsrådet) is the labour market parties´ joint council on work environment and work life matters in the governmen |
| Link to OSH wiki | <https://oshwiki.eu/wiki/OSH_system_at_national_level_-_Sweden> |

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| Name of Authority | The Swedish Work Environment Authority, SWEA (Arbetsmiljöverket, AV) |
| Link | <http://www.av.se/> |
| Short abstract | The Swedish Work Environment Authority, SWEA (Arbetsmiljöverket, AV) is the central administrative authority for questions relating to the work environment and working hours. The framework for Provisions issued by the SWEA is defined in The Work Environment Act. The principal functions of SWEA are to issue ordinances and general recommendations for the implementation of legislation, to have a lot of information material on its website (www.av.se) as well as inspect workplaces.  SWEA is Sweden’s “focal point” to the European Agency for Safety and Health at Work. SWEA also represents the Swedish government on the Advisory Committee on Safety and Health at Work (ACSH) which is a tripartite committee which assists the European Commission by preparing, implementing and evaluating all occupational health and safety activities. The SWEA is also represented on the Senior Labour Inspectors’ Committee (SLIC), which advises the European Commission and comprises senior officials from the Member States’ occupational health and safety authorities or their equivalent.  The Inspection Department of the Swedish Work Environment Authority supervises the implementation of safety and health at work regulations at company level. Annually some 20.000 inspections are carried out by 280 inspectors. The inspections check that the employer has an effective organisation for systematic work environment management. The work environment is checked from a holistic perspective of the risks (physical, mental and social), but there are cases when the inspection is targeted to a particular hazard (such as a type of machine or a type of job). SWEA ensures that the working environment meets the requirements set out in occupational health and safety legislation. |
| Link to OSH wiki | <https://oshwiki.eu/wiki/OSH_system_at_national_level_-_Sweden> |

* Compensation and insurance bodies

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| Name of the Body | Trygghetsförsäkring vid arbetsskada (TFA) |
| Link | No website |
| Short abstract | The Occupational Injury Insurance Act applies to all persons employed in Sweden. All gainfully employed persons (employees, temporary workers, self-employed persons, certain students) are covered by an occupational insurance scheme (TFA, Trygghetsförsäkring vid arbetsskada, TFA) . There are four types of occupational injuries covered under the scheme: accidents at work; travel accidents; occupational illnesses; and infection/contagion. There is no authorised list of occupational diseases, so an occupational disease must be determined "with a high degree of probability" that factors on the job have caused the injury. The scheme compensates the loss of income, additional costs, rehabilitation, pain and suffering, disability and injury.[ |
| Link to OSH wiki | <https://oshwiki.eu/wiki/OSH_system_at_national_level_-_Sweden> |

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| Name of the Body | The Swedish Social Insurance Agency (Försäkringskassan) |
| Link | <https://www.forsakringskassan.se> |
| Short abstract | In a case of sickness (not related to work) the first day is a waiting period when no compensation is paid. The employer pays sick pay compensation during days 2-14 of the sickness to the amount of 80% of the employee's salary. After the sick pay period, sickness benefit to the amount of 80% of the work income is paid by the Swedish Social Insurance Agency (Försäkringskassan)which administers social insurance in Sweden. A sickness benefit can be granted for a maximum of 364 days during a 15 month period. Extended sickness benefit can be obtained for at most 550 days. The amount of the extended sickness benefit is 75% of the work income. If the sickness lasts for more than seven days, a doctor’s certificate is required. In certain cases the employer or the Swedish social insurance agency may require a doctor’s certificate from the first day of the illness. A doctor’s certificate should include the description about how the illness affects the work capacity and the estimate of the length of the illness. If the work ability is permanently reduced for at least a one quarter, the Swedish Social Insurance Agency may replace the sickness benefit with sickness or activity compensation. The amount of full income-related sickness compensation is 64% of the assumed income.  According to the Swedish Work Environment Act the employers are responsible for organized work rehabilitation and must make a rehabilitation investigation when an employee has been sick-listed for more than 4 weeks. The employer arranges a rehabilitation investigation in collaboration with the Swedish Social Insurance Agency (Försäkringskassan).  The employer must notify the Social Insurance Agency about injuries at work. If the injury is severe or someone has died at work, the employer has to report to the Swedish Work Environment Authority, SWEAimmediately. The Swedish Work Environment Authority, SWEA is responsible for official work environment and work injury statistics (ISA statistics) in Sweden. |
| Link to OSH wiki | <https://oshwiki.eu/wiki/OSH_system_at_national_level_-_Sweden> |

* Research Institutes

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| Name of Institute | Swedish council for working life and social research (Forskninsrädet rör arbetsliv och socialvetenskap, FAS) |
| Link | <https://forte.se> |
| Short abstract | Swedish Council for Working Life and Social Research (Forskninsrädet rör arbetsliv och socialvetenskap, FAS) promotes the accumulation of knowledge in matters relating to working life and the understanding of social conditions and processes through the promotion and support of research and co-operation and dissemination of information. The Council supports basic and applied research relating to working life |
| Link to OSH wiki | <https://oshwiki.eu/wiki/OSH_system_at_national_level_-_Sweden> |

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| Name of Institute | The Institute of Environmental Medicine (Institutet för Miljömedicin, IMM) |
| Link | <http://ki.se/ki/jsp/polopoly.jsp?d=1666&l=en> |
| Short abstract | Institute of Environmental Medicine (Institutet för Miljömedicin, IMM) operates within the Karolinska Institute. It is an interdisciplinary research organisation within the field of environmental medicine. In addition to its extensive research activities, IMM is also responsible for several teaching programmes and for investigations and analyses, pertaining to physical and chemical aspects of environmental medicine and health protection. IMM is a World Health Organisation (WHO) Collaboration Centre for environmental health effects. The scientific work at IMM is carried out within the following areas with an interdisciplinary focus: air pollutants and lung disease; metals; dioxins and other halogenated pollutants; indoor environment; tumour diseases; cardiovascular diseases; genetics and the environment; mechanisms of cell killing and toxic cell injury, development of methods; and education and information. |
| Link to OSH wiki | <https://oshwiki.eu/wiki/OSH_system_at_national_level_-_Sweden> |

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| Name of Institute | The KTH Royal Institute of Technology, Department of Environmental Technology and Work Science (Kungliga Tekniska Högskolan, KTH) |
| Link | <http://www.kth.se/> |
| Short abstract | The KTH Royal Institute of Technology, Department of Environmental Technology and Work Science (Kungliga Tekniska Högskolan, KTH) conducts research into the main fields of environmental sciences: work science and environmental technology. The goal of the research is to achieve practical improvements in work environments and conditions, especially addressing environmental analyses and development of strategies and techniques to minimize waste and emissions of contaminating substances. |
| Link to OSH wiki | <https://oshwiki.eu/wiki/OSH_system_at_national_level_-_Sweden> |

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| Name of Institute | The Central Government Social Partner’s Council (Partsrådet) |
| Link | <http://partsradet.se/> |
| Short abstract | The Central Government Social Partner’s Council (Partsrådet) consists of representatives of the state sector organisations and of the state as employer. It is the partners' joint council on work environment matters in the government sector. For instance, its practical functions are observing and initiating scientific research on work environment problems and publishing information and training material. |
| Link to OSH wiki | <https://oshwiki.eu/wiki/OSH_system_at_national_level_-_Sweden> |

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| Name of Institute | Forestry Research Institute of Sweden (Skogforsk stiftelsen skogsbrukets forskningsinstitut) |
| Link | <http://www.skogforsk.se/> |
| Short abstract | Forestry Research Institute of Sweden (Skogforsk stiftelsen skogsbrukets forskningsinstitut) is a private research institute with the mission to pursue R and D aimed at long-term, profitable, and ecologically sound forestry. The institute is supported by the entire forestry industry and the government. One important field of research is human resources and work organisation. |
| Link to OSH wiki | <https://oshwiki.eu/wiki/OSH_system_at_national_level_-_Sweden> |

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| Name of Institute | The Swedish Agency for Innovation Systems (Vinnova) |
| Link | <http://www.vinnova.se/> |
| Short abstract | Vinnova, the Swedish Agency for Innovation Systems (Verket för innovationssystem) finances research and development in the field of innovation systems for a sustainable development of industry and society. Vinnova does not engage in research; its task is to finance projects which will result in work environment improvements. |
| Link to OSH wiki | <https://oshwiki.eu/wiki/OSH_system_at_national_level_-_Sweden> |

* Prevention Services

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| Name of Service | Prevent Sweden (Former Joint Industrial Safety Council, Arbetarskyddsnämnden) |
| Link | <http://www.prevent.se/> |
| Short abstract | Prevent Sweden (Former Joint Industrial Safety Council, Arbetarskyddsnämnden)[59] works to prevent accidents and improve the work environment, and provides training and training materials. Prevent Sweden is a non-profit organisation and acts on behalf of Sweden´s labour market principals: The Confederation of Swedish Enterprise (Svenskt Näringsliv), The Swedish Trade Union Confederation (Landsorganisationen, LO), and The Federation of Salaried Employees in Industry and Services (Privattjänstemannakartellen, PTK). |
| Link to OSH wiki | <https://oshwiki.eu/wiki/OSH_system_at_national_level_-_Sweden> |

* Other OSH services

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| Name of Association | Swedish association of occupational physicians (Svenska Företagsläkarföreningen; SFLF) |
| Link | <http://www.slf.se/templates/AssociationStartPage.aspx?id=10344> |
| Short abstract | The Swedish Work Environment Association (Arbetsmiljöforum, former FFA, Föreningen för arbetarskydd) is a non-profit organisation which is a centre for work environment questions. It aims to promote safe working conditions and publishes the safety periodical Du&Jobbet (You and your job) and other literature, distributes warning signs and posters, etc. |
| Link to OSH wiki | <https://oshwiki.eu/wiki/OSH_system_at_national_level_-_Sweden> |

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| Name of Association | Association of Occupational Nurses (Riksföreningen för företagssköterskor) |
| Link | <http://www.swenurse.se/foretag> |
| Short abstract | Association of Occupational Nurses (Riksföreningen för företagssköterskor) promotes and develops the profession of occupational nurses in Sweden. It works for education and training of nurses and research about work and health. |
| Link to OSH wiki | <https://oshwiki.eu/wiki/OSH_system_at_national_level_-_Sweden> |

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| Name of Association | Swedish Association of Ergonomists (Ergonomi och Human factors Sällskapet Sverige, EHSS) |
| Link | <http://www.ergonomisallskapet.se/foreningen.html> |
| Short abstract | Swedish Association of Ergonomists (Ergonomi och Human factors Sällskapet Sverige, EHSS) strengthens the role of ergonomics in working life, research and society, with the aim to optimize health and wellness of the individual, performance in the design of products and systems and quality, productivity and corporate profitability. |
| Link to OSH wiki | <https://oshwiki.eu/wiki/OSH_system_at_national_level_-_Sweden> |

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| Name of Association | Swedish Association of Registered Physiotherapists (Legitimerade Sjukgymnasters Riksförbund, LSR) |
| Link | <http://www.sjukgymnastforbundet.se/english/Sidor/english.aspx> |
| Short abstract | Swedish Association of Registered Physiotherapists (Legitimerade Sjukgymnasters Riksförbund, LSR) supports therapists in their work and professional development. |
| Link to OSH wiki | <https://oshwiki.eu/wiki/OSH_system_at_national_level_-_Sweden> |

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| Name of Association | Swedish Association of Occupational and Environmental Hygiene (Svensk Yrkes- och Miljöhygienisk Förening, SYMF) |
| Link | <http://www.symf.nu/in-english/> |
| Short abstract | Swedish Association of Occupational and Environmental Hygiene (Svensk Yrkes- och Miljöhygienisk Förening, SYMF) is an association for Hygienists working in both Industry and Health Care Centrals. SYMF is focusing to increase the knowledge of working environment |
| Link to OSH wiki | <https://oshwiki.eu/wiki/OSH_system_at_national_level_-_Sweden> |

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| Name of Association | The Swedish Association of Occupational Therapists (Förbundet Sveriges Arbetsterapeuter; FSA) |
| Link | <https://www.arbetsterapeuterna.se/Om-forbundet/> |
| Short abstract | The Swedish Association of Occupational Therapists (Förbundet Sveriges Arbetsterapeuter; FSA) is both a professional organisation and a trade union. FSA handles professional and training issues, monitors pertinent political developments, salaries, collective agreements, and questions related to professional development and the formation of public opinion. |
| Link to OSH wiki | <https://oshwiki.eu/wiki/OSH_system_at_national_level_-_Sweden> |

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| Name of Association | HälsoAkademikerna |
| Link | <http://www.halsoakademikerna.nu/> |
| Short abstract | HälsoAkademikerna is a trade and professional association for people with an academic education in the areas of health, wellness /health and sport including professionals who can give personal advice like stress management, personal training or massage, but they may act also in health education at the group level. They may plan courses in companies and take part in rehabilitation |
| Link to OSH wiki | <https://oshwiki.eu/wiki/OSH_system_at_national_level_-_Sweden> |

* Standardization Bodies

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| Name of the Body | Swedish Standardisation association |
| Link | <http://www.standardiseringsforbundet.se/> |
| Short abstract | Swedish Standardisation association (Sveriges Standardiseringsförbund) has since 1 January 2012 taken over most of the activities from the Swedish Standards Council (SSR – Sveriges Standardiseringsråd).The Swedish Standardisation association is a collaborative organization for the three Swedish standardisation associations: ITS – Informationstekniska Standardiseringen (for telecommunication standards) SEK – Svensk Elstandard (for electrical standards) SIS – Swedish Standard Institute |
| Link to OSH wiki | <https://oshwiki.eu/wiki/OSH_system_at_national_level_-_Sweden> |